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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/960,632	09/21/2001	Julie Kerr-Conte 855-21		4273
7	7590 09/29/2003			
Irving N. Feit	-		EXAMINER  LANKFORD JR, LEON B	
6900 Jericho T				
Syosset, NY	/91		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1651 DATE MAILED: 09/29/2003	14

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/960,632	KERR-CONTE ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		L Blaine Lankford	1651					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the c ver sheet with the correspondence address							
	Period f r Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 /							
2a) <u></u> ☐	,—	nis action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims								
•	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application	า						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) 14-18 is/are withdray							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 6</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) 4,5 and 7-13 is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
•	ion Papers							
9)	9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 December 2001</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on		oved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority document							
	2. Certified copies of the priority document							
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of group I, claims 1-13 in Paper No. 13 is acknowledged.

### Claim Objections

Claims 4-5 & 7-13 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim can not depend on another. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-3 & 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are rendered indefinite by the frequent use of the term "possibly" as it makes it unclear whether or not what follows is a limitation.

Further, it is unclear what cells are being isolated and defifferentiated. Also applicant does not clearly claim what the positive steps of the method are. Please note that the language of a claim must make it clear what subject matter the claim

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encompasses to adequately delineate its "metes and bounds". See, e.g., the following decisions: In re Hammack, 427 F 2d. 1378, 1382, 166 USPQ 204, 208 (CCPA 1970); In re Venezia 530 F 2d. 956, 958, 189 USPQ 149, 151 (CCPA 1976); In re Goffe, 526 F 2d. 1393, 1397, 188 USPQ 131, 135 (CCPA 1975); In re Watson, 517 F 2d. 465, 477, 186 USPQ 11, 20 (CCPA 1975); In re Knowlton 481 F 2d. 1357, 1366, 178 USPQ 486, 492 (CCPA 1973). The courts have also indicated that before claimed subject matter can properly be compared to the prior art, it is essential to know what the claims do in fact cover. See, e.g., the following decisions: In re Steele, 305 F 2d. 859, 134 USPQ 292 (CCPA 1962); In re Moore 439 F 2d. 1232, 169 USPQ 236 (CCPA 1969); In re Merat, 519 F 2d. 1390, 186 USPQ 471 (CCPA 1975).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under

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37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-3 & 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonner-Weir et al(PNAS 97) or Bonner-Weir et al(WO 00/78929).

Bonner-Weir et al (both references) teach the enzymatic isolation of pancreatic cells, the dedifferentiation thereof and the subsequent differentiation into insulin producing cells. It is not clear if the references teach all of applicant's claimed limitations however as the references clearly indicate that the various proportions and amounts of the ingredients used in the claimed method are result effective variables, they would be routinely optimized by one of ordinary skill in the art in practicing the invention disclosed by those references. As the references clearly set worth which cells are to be isolated from the pancreas, using any known method to do so would have been obvious at the time the invention was made.

Accordingly, the claimed invention was prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to L Blaine Lankford whose telephone number is 308-2455. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu 7:30-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn can be reached on 308-4743. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-0196.

L Braine Lankford Primary Examiner

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LBL